FAMILY TREE NURSERY

## Common Guava

***Psidium guajava***

Height: 20 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 9b

Other Names: Yellow Guava, Lemon Guava, Apple Guava



*Common Guava flowers*
*Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*



*Common Guava fruit*
*Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*

**Description:**

A large evergreen shrub or small tree with a rounded habit and attractive leaves arranged in pairs; white flowers are followed by green to yellow fruit that is juicy and sweet and good for fresh eating; considered invasive in some warm climate areas

**Edible Qualities**

Common Guava is a large shrub that is commonly grown for its edible qualities, although it does have ornamental merits as well. It produces green round fruit with a lemon yellow blush and creamy white flesh which are typically harvested when mature. The fruit will often fade to yellow over time. The fruits have a sweet taste and a soft texture.

The fruit are most often used in the following ways:

- Fresh Eating
- Cooking
- Preserves
- Juice-Making
- Canning

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**Features & Attributes**

Common Guava is clothed in stunning white pincushion flowers with creamy white anthers along the branches from late winter to mid spring. It has green foliage with grayish green undersides. The textured oval pinnately compound leaves remain green throughout the winter. It features an abundance of magnificent green berries with lemon yellow blush from mid summer to mid fall, which fade to yellow over time. The fruit can be messy if allowed to drop on the lawn or walkways, and may require occasional clean-up. The peeling coppery-bronze bark is extremely showy and adds significant winter interest.



*Common Guava*
*Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*

This is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a mounded form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition. This is a high maintenance plant that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds, bees and butterflies to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Suckering
- Invasive
- Self-Seeding

Aside from its primary use as an edible, Common Guava is sutiable for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens
- Orchard/Edible Landscaping
- Container Planting

**Planting & Growing**

Common Guava will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years. This is a self-pollinating variety, so it doesn't require a second plant nearby to set fruit.

This shrub is quite ornamental as well as edible, and is as much at home in a landscape or flower garden as it is in a designated edibles garden. It does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out completely. Plant should not require much in the way of fertilizing once established, although it may appreciate a light application of general-purpose fertilizer applied early in the growing season. It has particular above-ground conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is quite tolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone over the growing season to conserve soil moisture. This species is not originally from North America.

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