



Early Snow Daylily Hemerocallis 'Early Snow'

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Description:

Gigantic, ruffled cream blooms with a pale peach cast and glowing yellow-green throats; great grassy texture and form; tetraploid; an elegant, illuminating addition to the garden or border



Early Snow Daylily flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Ornamental Features

Early Snow Daylily features bold creamy white trumpet-shaped flowers with peach overtones, lime green throats and a lemon yellow flare at the ends of the stems from early to mid summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its grassy leaves remain green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Early Snow Daylily is an herbaceous perennial with a shapely form and gracefully arching foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Early Snow Daylily is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



Planting & Growing

Early Snow Daylily will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 24 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 18 inches apart. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under typical garden conditions. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.